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to the establishment, must be post paid, or the postage will be deducted from the subscription money remitted. JAMES GORDON BENNETT,

PROPRIETOR OF THE NEW YORK HERALD ESTABLISHMENT

Northwest corner of Fulton and Nassau streets. NOTICE.
STATEN ISLAND
FERRY,
FOOT OF WHITEHALL STREET.
and after Thursday, May the lat, the Boats will run as folmitil further notice:
LEAVE STATEN ISLAND:
a, 9, 10, 11 and 12, A. M.: 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 P. M.
LEAVE NEW YORK:
b, 9, 10, 11 and 12, A. M.: 1, 2, 3, 5, and 6, P. M.
Sundays—Leave every, hour from 8 A. M. until 6 P. M.
for

EOPLE'S LINE OF STEAMBOATS FOR ALBANY.

DAILY-Sundays Excepted—Through Direct, at 70 clock F. M., from the Pier between Courtlandt and Liberty streets.

Steamboat KNICKERBOCKER, Captain A. Houghton, will asve on Monday, Wednesday and Friday Evenings, at 70 clock. Steamboat ROCHESTER, Captain R. G. Crattandon, will eave on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, at 70 clock. At 50 clock P. M., landing at intermediate place, from the foot of Barclay street.

o send them per People's Line Breamboats to Al-ence per Rulrosd, to Utica, for \$2 06; Syracuse, rm, \$3 36; Rochester, \$6 51; Buffalo, \$5 50. Chill o 12 years old, at half price; under 2 years free; and instant, all beggage on the Rullrosd is entirely

Sole Agents Albany & Buffalo Railroad, 2d class cars.
New York, 8th April, 1945.

FOR LIVERPOOL—Packet of the 8th of May—
The superior, fast sailing packet ship SHENAN DOAH, Captain West, will sail on Thursday, as bove, ner regular day.

This magnificent ship is 1000 tons burthen, and her accommodations for a limited number of cabin, second cabin and steerage assengers at reduced rates. For passage apply on board, at flurray's wharf, foot of Wall street, or to

C. A. TEN EYCK, 67 South st.

m6 3t*m

LONDON PACKET—Packet of the 10th May

The aplendid and fast sailing Packet Ship NORTH
UMBERLAND, Capt. Griswold, will positively sail

MBERLAND, Capt. Griswoid, will positively a her regular day, a shout to embark for the old country should not fail to rly application to W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT, 76 South street, corner of Maiden Lane.

WANTED—Good and suitable vessels to freight Coal from Philadelphia and Bristol to Boston, Provincience, Saco, Norwich, Allen's Point, Greenport, Hartew Haven, Middleton, Alhany, Troy and other parts, the trice will be paid and constant employment given, to FREDERICK TS LER & CO., FREDERICK TS LER & CO., 6 Wall street, or E. SAFFORD & CO., 81 Dock street, Philadelphia

UNITED LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS—
Packet of the 10th May—The well known, favorite,
and fast sailing Facket Ship TAROLINTA, Captain
will sail positively as above, her regular day,
as about visiting the old country will find it to their adto select his ship in preference to any other, as they will
arceive on inspection. Those wishing to secure berths
to fail to make immediate application on board, foot of
treet, or to W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT,
South street, corner of Maiden Lane.

FOR LONDON—To sail on the 10th May—The

LIVERPOOL LINE OF PACRETS.—The favorite and fact sailing Packet Ship STEPHEN on 11th May, her regular day.

on 11th May, her regular day.

ing rery superior accommodations for cabin, second cabin create passengers, person about embarking by this first necket, should make early application on board, foot of reet, or to the subceribe.

FOR LIVERPOOL—The New Line—Regular Packet 21st May—The superior fast sailing Packet Ship QUEEN OF THE WEST, 1250 tons burthen, Capt. voodhouse, will sail as above, her regular day. sight or passage, having splendid, large and comfortable into and cabin, apply to the Captain on board, west side statements of the Captain on board, west side Slip, or to WOODHULL & MINTURNS.

VIRGINIA TOBACCO AND STEMS

turalists. NEW HAVEN, MONDAY, 91 o'clock, A. M. PROFESSOR DEWEY called the meeting to order,

and announced the business of the day. Dr. Amos Binney moved that the subject of the distribution of mollusca, formerly committed to Dr. Booth, be continued in his hands for a future report.

Esq., and T. E. Melsheimer, M. D., and John L. Le Conte, M. D., be requested to prepare a synopsis of the coleoptera of the United States, including the specific character and synonymes of all the known

The President read a recommendation of the

General Committee, that the next session of the Association be held in the City of New York, in September 1846, which was carried. The following were nominated as a local Committee to carry out the necessary preliminary arrangements:—Major James Delañeld, Professor J. Renwick, Professor Cyrus Mason, Hon. James Tallmadge, Hon. Luther Bradish, Professor James E. De Kay, Jeremiah Von Ransselaer, M. D., Professor Schnell Draper, H. Brevoort, Commodore M. C. Perry, U. S. N., Charles M. Wheatley, Professor Sames Hall, Albany; Wm. B. Kenney, Esq. Newark; Charles Congdon, Esq., Brooklyn.

The Sucrexray announced the receipt of a letter from the Hon. Nathan Appleton, intimating his intention, should the Society publish another volume of their transactions, to subscribe fifty dollars towards that object.

The Parsidery, agreeable with a resolution passed, nominated Professor Silliman, Professor Rogers and Dr. A. Binney as a Committee to consider certain proposed amendments of the Constitution, and supervise the fiscal concerns of the Society. Frofessor Rogers moved that Dr. Wyman be requested to continue his researches on fossil bones, and report thereon at the next session. Carried. Also, that Frofessor Herrick be appointed to investigate the phenomena of shooting stars, and Professor Shephard those of meteoric iron and stones of the United States, and report to the society. Adopted.

Dr Jackson moved that Mr. Hayes, Dr. Herrick, Dr. Harris, and Spencer P. Baird, of Fennsylvania, be appointed to investigate the habits of birds in relation to the nature and value of the food they consume. Adopted. The names of Dr. Jackson's communication of last evening, relative to the geology of Lake Superior. He (Professor S.) had opportunity only to say, that he could not coincide [with the view brought forward by that gentleman, in respect to the peculiarity of the copper lodes or deposites of Lake Superior, and especially as to his inference of the possible depth of such lodes, and their direct origin from the primary coke below. I

Connecticut.

Dr. Jackson gave some interesting details of the appearance and position of the trap and sandstone of Neva Scotis, where evidences of an upheaving was presented by the position of masses of trap protruding between others of micheloid and sandstone in the line of least resistance. He considered it was of igneous origin, and caused by the fusion of iron, sulphur, and hornblend, and that the micheloid was a compound of trap and sandstone.

was appointed to report on the fossil brachiopeda and orthocereta of the United States.

The thanks of the Society were voted to Mr. Appleton for his generous offer to furnish the Society with a sum of \$50, conditionally.

Prof. Halden introduced the subject of the taconic system, observing that as Mr. Emmonds had thought he had discovered an older stratum of rock than had been known hitherto, he brought up the subject to elicit what ever information was possessed by members on such an interesting matter.

Professor Bookas alluded to a review he had made of Professor Emmonds' claim to the discovery of a far more ancient stratum of fossiliferous than is admitted; he had little to add to those reasons given by him to show that he was likely misled by their structural character. No decisive reasons could be given. It was well known that each paroxysmal elevation of strata was distinguished by peculiar and different directions. There was no case of extensive group of deposites, in which continual lands were raised from the bed of the deep, anterior to that which was recognized. Yet, according to Professor Emmonds, this Taconic system was uplifted anterior to the rest; and yet, was it not strange that, if these were the effects of two distinct elevations, the deposites of two vast oceans and ages, they were so completely similar than to conflicting features could be discovered. As to the evidence from organic remains, Professor Emmonds had prepared a collection of the Taconic system, and preteaded they were not like those known. At one time English naturalists thought of making a system called the Cambrian, anterior to their Silurian system of fossils, but it was given up. These new fossils should not surprise us when the difficulty of penetrating through fossils flerous rocks, and when it was recollected that every new search gave new specimens. From a letter received from Mr. Lyell, it appeared that English naturalists had not been satisfied with repared the upper trata as being, in general, less thick than they a

stances.

Prof. Dr.wr made a few happy remarks as to the good effects of the Society, hoping it would be continued and cherished, and intimated the necessity for his leaving for home next day.

On motion of Dr. Jackson the warm thanks of the Society were presented to Prof. Chester Dewey for the gentlemanlike and proper manner in which he had presided ever the Association.

Mr. C. Freer is engaged at the National Theatre

The Bell-ringers are ringing their changes in St.

Mr. R. Owen gave a course of lectures, on egeneration of the Human Race, in Lowell, during

One gentleman of Providence has subscribed \$40,000 to the stock of the Providence and Workster Railroad.

The Rev. Mr. Pierpont, pastor of Hollis street Church, Boston, delivered his farewell sermon on Sun-day afternoon, dissolving his connection with that body, over which he has been settled nearly twenty-seven

Dr. Tyler, of Frederick, Va., has again been com-pelled to defend himself from an attack made upon him by Ex-Governor Francis Thomas. He made a "pass" at the doctor's nose, which was successfully resisted by the latter's cane.

Mr. Randolph, a nephew of Gen. Harrison, has been removed from a clerkship in Washington for cause Rev. N. C. Fletcher, of East Thomaston, Maine, Universalist clergyman, has been appointed a Chaplain in the Navy.

A great tornado passed over Chicago on Thursday afternoon, the force of the storm, however, being nearly spent before it arrived there; notwithstanding, several buildings were unroofed, chimneys blown down, &c. In the country, a short distance from Chicago, the storm's ravages were fearfully destructive. More than thirty buildings were destroyed from St. Charles to the city—the fences all prostrated; and what is still more deplorable, several lives reported to have been lost, and many limbs fractured. Timbers of log houses were carried to feet by the force of the tornado.—Chicago Correspondent of the Buffalo Courier.

The Paris (Missouri) Mercury of the 19th ult. says:—Never have we seen here so gloomy a prospect for an abundant crop. There has not been rain enough to lay the dust for months. Seed which has been put in the ground cannot vegetate, unless it should rain; wheat

ishing rapidity.

The weather, for a few days past, has been much milder than the first three weeks of this month, vegetation putting forth rapidly, and the prospect of a large crop of fruit is very promising.—Middletown (Ct.) Sent., of Wednesday.

The Greenville (S. C.) Mountaineer, of the 25th inst., says:—Another week has passed without sufficient rain to lay the dust. The wheat and oat crops are very much injured, and in some fields entirely cut off; the corn and cotton seed that has been planted, in many places, cannot come up. The drought seems to extend throughout the whole United States, with the exception of light and partial showers in some sections.

In Madison, Georgia, no rain of any consequence.

In Madison, Georgia, no rain of any consequence had fallen in four weeks, with the exception of one or two very slight showers; the deprivation at Savannah has been longer. Many of the planters are a month behind their prospects of last year at this period.—Savannah Republican, 30th ult.

nah Republican, 30th ult.

Our Cherokee farmers, we are glad to say, have not been idle. We have heard of several who finisher planting from thirty to fifty acres of corn the last weel in March. We know of others who have between fifty and an hundred acres of corn planted and are not ye done. Some of our farmers about Park Hill, and in the vicinity of this place have corn and early Irish potatoe up—oats and wheat corps, generally, look fine. Although provisions are now very scarce, we hope, with industry already manifested a favorable season, and the aid and beneficient smiles of Providence, to reap an abundant har vest.—Cherokee Advocate.

The Produciel Formities of Wadnesday says

of the year as they are at present. The wheat is fine and heavy, and the rye is already in the head. The prospect could not be more favorable.

The Michigan Farmer says the wheat crop has not been injured by the exposure to frost the past winter. It anticipates a good crop.

We have been informed, says the Edgefield Advertiser, of Wednesday last, that copious showers have recently fallen in some sections of the District, but in this neighborhood, and throughout the country generally, the drought has continued, and the temperature has been that of summer heat. The crops in the fields and gardens have suffered considerably. We have not had any rain of consequence since the 13th of March last.

A Bangor paper of the 2d inst. states:—There was quite a gale in this vicinity yesterday noon. Sheds were unroofed, fences prostrated, boards scattered, and all the dust of the city blown over to Brewer.

A hail storm occurred at Constantine, St. Joseph county, April 26, which did much damage. All glass windows exposed to its fury were broken. It killed a great number of sheep and lambs. The hail which fell was in many instances nearly as large as a man's fist. The falling lumps of ice were so large that in some instances they fell through the roofs of houses. A boy was killed at Mottville. All fruit is destroyed, and many orchards round. The extent of the storm is not known. It prevailed south as far as we have heard from. All garden vegetables are entirely cut down and destroyed. The like was never before known in this region.—Detreit Pre Press.

We learn from the Hartford (Md.) Madisonian, that a severe hail storm occurred in that county on Monday evening last, prostrating large trees, throwing down fences to a considerable extent, and beating the wheat and other grain into the ground. Some of the hail stones were as large as a hen's egg, and generally of the size of a hulled hickory nut. About three hundred panes of glass were broken in the windows of the house of Bel Air.

of Bel Air.

Early wheat, known as the May wheat, was in head as early as the 26th ult. Some of the farmers will soon be thinking of applying their cradles to the grain.—Winchester, Fa., Republican.

The Westminster Carrolltonian says:—"The whole crop in this country generally presents a remarkably fine appearance; and if there is no unfavorable weather, the crop will be very heavy. The rye crop, on the average, is not good, although it has improved considerably since the late rains."

The Union Malbaco' (Md.) Greatte average West.

The Boston Journal says: "In this neighborhood we believe the trees have not suffered. The season is about a week or ten days more backward than it was last spring, but the prospect of an abundance of peaches, cherries, and apples, is very favorable. This, however, will depend altogether on the kind of weather to come.

October—record of which facts he offered in evidence. He also stated that when the money was sent for from Court, by way of proving the corpus dilicit, it was not forthcoming.

Sinner H. Stewart, clerk of police, called—I recollect the arrest of Henry Leonard, and that the money which was stolen from Mr. Lewis by him was found in his possession; I think it was about \$40; it was in bills; I took charge of it as clerk of the police and rolled it up in a piece of paper labelled; I let Justice Drinker have it under the following circumstances:—He asked me if Mr. Osborne had left any money with me, and I said no; he said that he had promised to lend him some which he wanted for a particular purpose, and must have it; he asked me if i had any, and on telling him I had not, and that there was none in the common money drawer, except that taken from Henry Leonard; he told me to give him \$18 of that, and tell Mr. Osborne when he came that he had done so, and that he must pay me back from the common drawer is that which contains fees, &c; I told Mr. Osborne and he declined replacing it; it was never replaced; I gave ten dollars of the same money either to Justice Drinker or his son, under similar circumstances; afterwards I told him that I had delivered it from the Leonard money, but can't tell exactly what time it was; when finally called for by the possessor of the money that had been stolen, a part of it only was there; I told Justice Drinker of it, and he told me to tell the man to call again and he would in the mean time borrow the money to replace what he had taken of it; after some hesitation he consented to call again; Justice Drinker then paid me the \$28, and when I paid the man, he refused to take it, because it was not bankable; I do not know whener it do the man bothering me; I can't tell what period of time elapsed between my loaning Justice Drinker and to get rid of the man bothering me; I can't tell what period of time elapsed between my loaning Justice Drinker and to get rid of the man bothering me; I can'

The District Attorney states that he had been unable to find Lewis, whom he believes had left the State.

Fifth Specification.—The charge of taking home the canary bird and cage, was abandoned, as there was nothing in it; and also the sixth specification in relation to one James Green, for keeping a disorderly house.

Tenth Specification.—This specification charged the Justice with having discharged, without bail or examination, a man named John Bevill, charged with an assault upon Wm. R. Smith, a City watchman, and with having snapped a loaded pistol at him.

Bannass W. Ospors, Clerk of the Police, swore that on the 10th or 11th of November, an affidavit was made by Wm. R. Smith against John Bevill; that the complaint was dismissed by Justice Drinker, in consequence of the accused, Bevill, coming to the Police with a not from Ald. Schiefflin desiring the Police Justice to take his complaint; whereupon the Judge ordered the other to be dismissed; Bevill was not examined under oath; about two months after this Smith came to the Police office and asked why he had not been summoned before the Grand Jury, when, for the first time, he learned that the complaint was dismissed.

Cross-examination unimportant.

John McCoranica called and examined as to specification 9th.—Was infihe employ of Thos. W. Carr last July, at the Exchange Hotel; I remember a man calling himself James A. Shaw, coming their about 1 o'clock at night. An objection was made to this witnesses' testimony, and the witness was withdrawn.

The prosecution here (7 o'clock) rested their case.

The defence asked for an adjournment till to-morrow evening, which, after some opposition, was granted, and the Court adjourned till 5 o'clock.

Common Council.

Board or Assistants.—This board met last evening,

the Board, as noticed in yesterday's proceedings, were concurred in.

ALDERMAN JABEE WILLIAMS.—Assault and false imprisonment.—Resolution from the Board in favor of defraying the expenses of a law suit for assault, in which the Alderman was involved, growing out of an arrest the high the discharge of his official duties at an

MR. CHARLICK considered that the sons of Erin, always showed more pluck than the men of the 11th ward.

MR. JOHNSON was of opinion that party spirit ought to be laid aside on an occasion like the present. If men intended to legislate honestly they would not oppose this; and he felt assured that party spirit was so high, that if one of the Aldermen of their (Native) party died, the minority would not even give assistance to pay the expenses of his funeral. (Roars of laughter from the opposition benches.) Gentlemen might laugh, but this was the truth.

Mr. CHARLICK considered the remarks of the Ald. of the 11th out of order, and which ought not be tolerated by the Chair. He, (Mr. Charlick,) had been censured for impugning the motives of Members, which was a most insulting course on the part of the gentleman of the 11th. They had been told that the minority would not pay the funeral expenses of any member of the majority if he were dead, and had been poor. However they may feel on that head they were now about to pay the funeral expenses of the entire party—(Roars of laughter.)—as they were all dead—politically dead—(Renewed shouts of laughter)—and they would also erect a tablet to their memory. (Shouts of laughter.)—Frescent—"Question, order."

also erect a tablet to their memory. (Shouts of laughter.)

PRESIDENT—"Question, order."

Mr. Charlick—I am in order, sir, and I do not think we shall find any one willing to pronounce a funeral oration over the body of the party. (Renewed laughter.)

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Finance, with power.

Native Economy.—Resolution from the Board, stating that the "native" party had, since they got into office, discharged their duties for the public good, and improved all the departments.

Mr. Charlick never witnessed such a ridiculous exhibition as this was on the part of the native party. In the face of dirty streets, bad light and oily affairs in the city, and the many evidences that exist to rise up in judgment against the party; in the face of the solemn verdict of the people, it was as ridiculous an exhibition as ever yet was witnessed, to find this resolution coming from the party, to laud themselves. He regretted to find the party dying so hard.

Mr. Everdeller in the face of the solemn verdict of the spathy in the face of the solemn were forgotten the apple women about the Park. (Loud laughter). In the Corporation Attorney's office, the books were not returned.

Mr. Charlick felt happy that these charges could not be brought against the democratic correction, and he

the Corporation Attorney's office, the books were not returned.

Mr. Charlick felt happy that these charges could not be brought against the democratic corporation, and he was happy to find the gentleman of the 2d attacking their own men.

Mr. EVERDELL.—I beg to contradict the gentleman of the 1st. I did not attack the Corporation Attorney.

The resolution was concurred in.

Democratic Appointments.—Edward Fitzgernld and Edward Flanagan, (two Irishmen belonging to the democratic party) were appointed Ballast Masters on resolution, introduced by Mr. Divver, amid considerable laughter.

tion, introduced by Mr. Divver, annu considerable laugh-ter.

Mr. Charlick was glad to find the returning reason coming back to the Native party again.

Office for the Recorder.—Resolution in favor of allow-ing the expense of an office to the Recorder.

Meat Shops.—The ordinance, nuthorizing the estab-lishment of meat shops in this city, was taken up. This ordinance provides to abolish the meat shops.

The subject will be made the special order for the meeting.

meet again this evening at 7 o'clock.

KEY WEST WRECKERS—Are a useful class of people, and subject themselves to grent toil and peril in their vocation. They are generally Americans, and a large portion of them are from Connecticut. The number of vessels employed is from ten to fifteen sloops and schooners, averaging from thirty to ninety tons burthen, well manned, and kept in the highest order. They lie at anchor in the various harbors of the islands, says the Key West Gazette, and start off every morning regularly just before day-light, and proceed to examine the recis and shoals in all directions. If any vessels are stranded, they get them off and bring them into port; if this is impracticable, they bring in as much of the cargo as they can. The wreckers do not obtain a great compensation for their services. The average annual value of property saved for several years past, is \$309,311, and the average amount of the salvage allowed the wreckers is \$82,941. This divided among fifteen vessels, is only about \$5,500 to each.

THE APPROACHING GREAT RACE .- "The cry

still they come," may be truly said of strangers already flocking into the city, who are anxious to be present in the great contest between the northern and the southern stables. How they are all to be great amount of accommodation in Old Gotham.—
The different horses continue to improve by training and attention. The southern stable continues in active training at J. L. Stevens', near Jamaica.—
They take an early gallop about seven o'clock in the morning, after which they are well rubbed down and fed; after they feed they are allowed some little rest, and again taken out for exercise, but of a more gentle nature. About three o'clock in the afternoon they have another gallop, after which they are well rubbed down, and a sufficient number of cloths, &c., thrown over them, to protect from any change of weather. After a gentle walk they are again well rubbed and stabled for the night. In each of their stalls sleeps one or two of their attendants during the night. The whole of the matter is attended to personally by Mr. Van Leer, and nothing is discussed in the doce not leave them for a single moment. Those who have known the big mare from her earliest day, say that she never was in better fix.

"Ripe, and ready, and 'a that."

"Ripe, and ready, and 'a that."

"Ripe, and ready, and 'a that."

If twenty-seven and a half feet at a bounce will not tell at a push, we wonder what will; and Fashion will have to look well to her heels and her laurels to be victorious on this occasion.

Fashion is also going on well. Never better; and showed in splendid style yesterday on the track over the Union. Her friends and supporters are quite sanguine; and opened their purse strings a little more in taking ninety to one hundred on her to some extent last evening. Five to four is offered against 7-33; even that it is done in or under 7-35. It certainly promises to be one of the greatest contests that has taken place since the great race between Eclipse and Henry.

We are credibly informed that Mr. Kirkman will not proceed to England this season, seeing that he cannot reach there in time for the Goodwood entries, although he might for the race. There is but little doubt that when he does, he will give a good account of himself and nags.

City Intelligence.

Police Office—May 6—Grand Largeny.—Mr. James Franklin was robbed of about \$70, while in the arms of Elizabeth Cox, at a den on the corner of West Broadway and Anthony street, last night. Mr. Franklin is a stranger, from Long island, and was taken in and done for. Miss Cox was arrested by officer Josephes, but none of the money recovered.

BURGLARY.—The house, No. 15 Cherry street, was burglariously entered last night by the window, and a brass clock, worth \$25, and a pair of plated candlesticks stolen. No arrest.

clock, worth \$25, and a pair of plated candlesticks stolen. No arrest.

Coroner's Office.—May 5.—Death from Hemormhage at the Nose.—The Coroner held an inquest his morning upon the body of a chimney-sweep, named Anthony George, a native of Maryland, 37 years of age, at No. 133 Cannon street. It appeared in evidence that the deceased was taken on Friday with bleeding at the nose, which continued at intervals for several days, notwithstanding which, he kept at work until Saturday, when came home and laid down. He was then selved with vomiting, and afterwards with bleeding at the nose again, and died about 10 o'clock yesterday. He had not been attended by a physician. An external and post mortem examination was made of deceased, from which it gives evidence that he died from exhaustion, produced by apontaneous hemorrhage of the nose and vomiting, superinduced by intemperance. Verdict accordingly.

Daowned.—The bodies of two drowned men were found in the North River to-day, and taken to the dead house for recognition.

Before the Recorder and Aldermen Bunting and Winship.

MATHEW C. PATERSON, District Attorney.

MAY 6.—Trul for Grand Laveny.—David Roberts and James Van Dyne, were tried and acquitted upon an indictment for the above offence, in stealing a pocket book containing about \$3000 from the money drawer in the broker's office of Mr. James A. Burtis, corner of Peck alip and Water street, about half past 10 o'clock on the 12th of March. Two young men went into the office; while one was engaging the attention of Mr. Burtis outside the counter, the other one opened the drawer and took out the money. Mr. Burtis was very positive that the prisoners were the persons who were in the shop. The mother and sister of Roberts proved an alibi, by swearing that he was at home at the time the robberty was committed, and did not leave till afterwards. Another witness proved an alibi in the case of Van Dyne. A very lucky mistake.

Forfeited Bail.—The following recognizances were declared forfeited and the bail ordered to be prosecuted forthwith:—Margaret D. 8. Moore, abandoning an infant (felony) bailed by her counsel in the sum of \$500. Henry King and Edward Odell, for a grand larceny, bailed by Chas. S. Andrews, in the sum of \$500, three petit larceny cases and some eight or ten cases of assault and battery.

The Case of Ragge.—Ragge was then brought out to

Cases and some eight or ten cases of assault and battery
The Case of Ragge.—Ragge was then brought out for
trial, but Ald. Bunting having been called away to the
City Hall, the Court could not take it up, and at I o'clock
adjourned till to-merrow at 11 o'clock-

Before Judge Betts. May 6.—This Court adjourned over, after taking one or two inquests, one of the Jurors in the case of Thora, vs. Bell, which stood adjourned over, being sick.

Vs. Bell, which stood adjourned over, being sick.

Common Pleas.

Before Judge Ingraham.

May 6.—Bradish, Johnson and Co. vs. Elisha B. Locket.

—This was an action of assumpsit, brought by the plaintiff against the defendant, as endorser on a bill of exchange, drawn in favor of a third party, and made payable to order, drawn for \$223 31, dated February, 1844.

Verdict this forenoon.

Nicols vs. Spicer.—This was an action of replevin, to recover the value of some book binding tools, sold under a mortgage. The jury rendered a verdict for plaintiff, 6 cents damages and 6 cents costs, assessing the value of the property at \$60.

After taking one or two inquests, the Court adjourned over at 11 o'clock.

United States District Court.
This Court stands adjourned over to the 26th United States Circuit Court.

Court Calendar—This Day.

Connon Plus.—Nos. 2, 8, 10, 27, 28, 33, 24, 40, 43, 46,

There is a report that the officers of the customs, on both banks of the Sabine, have discontinued the collection of the customs duties, considering that annexation is a settled question.

is a settled question.

Mr. Rene Godard, one of the oldest and most respectable merchants in Charleston died on Saturday morning, at the advanced age of eighty-five years. He has filled many offices of honor and trust, and for the past sixteen years has been President of the Union Bank.

The fraternity of Masons will have a celebration on the 24th of June, (St. John's day.) in honor of the completion of Bunker Hill Monument. The Odd Fellows celebrate on the 19th of the same menth, in Boston.

The New Colesce Biomesc of the 25th all, save

The New Orleans Picasume of the 24th ult., says, a thermometer, in a shady place in our office, indicated, yesterday, a temperature of 99 degrees Fahrenheit.—
We kept a bucket of water at hand in case it should blaze.

blaze.

A lobster weighing forly-two and a half pounds, was served up in Boston on Saturday.

Not less than 1400 vessels are expected in the port of Quebec alone during the current year. The commerce of Upper and Lower Canada, promises to increase to a vast extent.

The editor of the Missouri Republican has received a present of a goose egg weighing 11 ounces.

In the village of Amsterdam, on the Mohawk, eighteen carpet leoms are now in operation, most of them having been creeted during the last two years, producing an average of six hundred yards of excellent quality of carpeting per day, which is sought for in the New York market at 75 or 80 cents per yard, and arrangements are making for the manufacture of three ply and Brussels qualities.

Almost every steamer which arrives here from the

themseling then adjourned, to meet again at the Centre Church to hear the address of Prof. H. D. Rogers.

Legislative Summary—In Senate—Petitions were presented for the renewal of the charter of the Waterlown and Cape Vincent Railroad Company; for a Lien law for Auburn; of Filots and Engineers on the Hudson River, for the passage of the bill for the greater security of steamboat navigation on that river. Mr. Bockee reported the bill to renew the charter of the American Atlantic Steam Navigation Company. Mr. Bockee also reported in favor of the bill in relation to the construction of the New York and Erie Railroad, which, together with the other Railroad bills, was made the special order for Thursday. Mr. Denniston reported favorably on the Assembly bill in relation to the canals, (appropriating \$197,000 to canal purposes.) from a majority of the committee on canals, and at the same time submitted a written report adverse to the bill. This bill was also made the special order for Thursday next.—Mr. Bockee, from the select committee, made a report on the Assembly bill recommending a Convention to revise the Constitution, coming to a conclusion favorable to its passage, with certain amendments. Mr. Lott, from a minority of the committee, aubmitted another report, and introducing other amendments. The bill was made the special order for Wednesday. The rest of the morning was devoted to the third reading of bills. In the afternoon, the Normal School Bill was discussed, and ordered to a third reading. By consent, it was read and passed.—The Excise Bill was then taken up, but no question was taken upon it. A recess was then taken until 7 P. M., when the bill relative to the Seneca Indians was taken and discussed in committee until 9 o'clock, without taking the question. The bill was made a special order for tomorrow afternoon. Adjourned.

In the House, petitions were presented by Mr. L. H. Brown, to revive the charters of the Watertown and Rome, and Watertown and Cape Vincent Railroad.

Among the bills reported, was o

ORIGIN OF THE FIRE.—The great fire which destroyed so large a portion of Pittsburgh, is said to have been caused by the carelessness of a drunken washerwoman. The Pittsburgh correspondent of the American Temperance Union states, that the owner of the premises informed him that as she was washing on that windy day, she made a fire in an old unsafe wooden building, which previous accounts say was a rude structure put up to cover an ice house, and the fire, driven by the wind, very soon enveloped in flames not only the frail and combustible shed in which it began, but also half the city.

Mrs. A. C. Mowatt, authoress of "Fashion," has made a present of a handsome gold pencil to each one of the lady performers in her new comedy at the Walnut street Theatre, Philadelphia, for their admirable delineations.

Manager Rice opened the Buffalo Theatre for the summer campaign, on Monday, with an efficient com-pany, among whom are Mr. William Warren and Mrs. H Hunt.

Mr. Holland and Miss R. Shaw are engag the Albany Museum.

The Fakir of Ava re-commenced his conjurtant inght at the Masonic Hall, Philadelphia.

Signor Perozzi had a crowded house on the tion of his benefit on the 27th ult., at the American Mr. P Tuttle is engaged at the St. Louis Theatre

The missing comedy of Moliere, "Le Doctet Amooreuse," had at length been produced at the Odeor Paris. The performance passed off favorably, but doubt were entertained of its genuineness.

Personal Movements.

past week.

Mr. Daniel McCullogh, Jr., of Gladden's Grove, Fairfield District, S. C., has commenced erecting a building for a cotton factory.

General Davis, the Surveyor of Philadelphia, is an early riser. He is on the wharves marking, personally, that the Inspectors are attending to their duty, every morning by 7 o'clock.

Mr. Ellsworth, late of the Patent Office, is about leaving Washington for Indiana, where he intends estalishing a permanent residence.

The Salem Gazette states that at a recent Teachers' meeting in Marblehead, a letter was communicate from Hon. Edmund Dwight, of Boston, enclosing \$100 as a present to the association.

Hon. Jeremiah Brown has been sojourning i Lancaster for a few days past.

Armstrong, the eminent artist, is engaged at painting to be placed in the large saloon of the Lanca ter Mechanics' Institute.

The principality of Muskau, has been pure by Baron Rothschild for 1,480,000 thalers.

by Baron Rothschild for 1,480,000 thaiers.

Gen. Brady, of the U. S. Army, has sent \$100 to the Pittsburg sufferers.

The venerable Hiram Wittington has been sent enced at Dedham, Mass., to pay a fine of five dollars and costs, for kissing a Mrs. Horson.

Col. S. K. Barlow, of Fulton, Illinois, with a company of fifteen persons and sixty head of cattle, recently started for Oregon.

considerably since the late rains."

The Upper Malboro' (Md.) Gazette says:—"For several days past the weather has been cold and blustering, and serious apprehensions are felt for the plants of the second sowing of tobacco seed. The first was killed some week ago, and the beds resown. A continuation of this weather for any length of time must so retard the plants as to render a short crop inevitable."

The Batter Lawrent green its letter with the plants are included as the second serious continuous co